



Specification

IAO Level 5 Diploma for Assistant Practitioners in Healthcare

Qualification Number: 610/3735/7



Contents

Change Control Sheet	
Innovate Awarding Organisation	4
Qualification Summary	5
Qualification Structure	7
Target Audience	9
Progression Opportunities	9
Support Materials	9
Funding	10
Qualification Units	11
The Regulated Qualifications Framework (RQF)	59
Assessment Principles	61
Additional Information	68



Change Control Sheet

Innovate Awarding will continuously review all support material to ensure its accuracy. All amendments will be recorded on the below change control table.

Version Number	Date Revised	Description of Revision	Page Affected



Innovate Awarding Organisation

Innovate Awarding is an Ofqual regulated awarding organisation offering a wide range of Regulated Qualifications Framework (RQF) approved Qualifications ranging from Level 1 to Level 7, including skills for life and bespoke Qualifications.

This Specification version number is V1. We will inform centres of any changes to this Specification. Centres can keep up to date from visiting our website www.innovateawarding.org

This Specification provides details on administration, Quality Assurance policies and requirements as well as responsibilities that are associated with the delivery of vocational qualifications.

For more information on our range of Qualifications, email contactus@innovateawarding.org

We have a Performance Pledge that details guaranteed response times. Copies of these can be found on our website www.innovateawarding.org.



Qualification Summary

Qualification Title	Level 5 Diploma for Assistant Practitioners in Healthcare		
Qualification Number (QN)	610/3735/7	RQF Level	5
Operational Start Date	1st March 2024		

Total Qualification	Guided Learning Hours	Qualification Credit	
Time (TQT)	(GLH)	Value	
940 hours	478 hours		

Qualification Objective

This qualification develops the knowledge and skills needed by those working in a senior role with adults in healthcare environments.

Assistant Practitioners carry out their duties in a range of settings, such as hospitals, clinics or in the community (e.g. GP surgeries). They may visit individuals in their own homes or in residential care where their wider team may include workers from both health and social care. They work in a wide range of health and care services for example diagnostic services, rehabilitation, orthopaedics, oncology, end of life care, mental health and learning disabilities. Assistant Practitioners are often hybrid roles aligned to local population and service needs and cross traditional occupational boundaries.

The broad purpose of the occupation is to work alongside registered healthcare professionals in providing high quality and person-centred compassionate healthcare and support to individuals. On a daily basis, Assistant Practitioners will assist registered healthcare professionals in total patient assessment, and in the coordination of care (including referrals to other practitioners) as well as undertaking clinical, diagnostic and therapeutic activities according to local population and service needs.

Assessment Requirements

This qualification is internally assessed and internally quality assured by Centre staff and externally quality assured by Innovate Awarding External Quality Advisors (EQAs).

Learners must compile a portfolio of evidence demonstrating how they meet the assessment criteria.



To pass, the learner must demonstrate that they have met all the learning outcomes and their associated assessment criteria. If the learner has not demonstrated competence, they would be provided with feedback for the criteria not yet met.

Portfolio of Evidence

Portfolio of Evidence may include workplace documentation and workplace records, witness statements, annotated photographs, video clips, professional discussion with your tutor and observation by your tutor. This is not a definitive list; other evidence sources are allowed.

Statement of Authenticity

Learners will need to provide a Statement of Authenticity to confirm that work submitted for assessment is their own and that they have not copied it from someone else or allowed another learner to copy it from them.



Qualification Structure

Mandatory Units

Unit Number	Unit Title	Level	Credit Value	GLH
Y/602/2860	Understand safeguarding of children and young people (for those working in the adult sector)	3	1	10
L/602/2578	Promote professional development	4	4	33
A/602/3189	Work in partnership in health and social care or children and young people's settings	4	4	26
F/602/2335	Use and develop systems that promote communication	5	3	24
Y/602/3183	Champion equality, diversity and inclusion	5	4	34
K/602/3172	Develop health and safety and risk management policies, procedures and practices in health and social care or children and young people's settings	5	5	33
R/602/2758	Manage quality in health and social care or children and young people's setting	5	5	36
J/602/3499	Undertake a research project within services for health and social care or children and young people	5	10	80
A/616/7910	Perform and support others to perform physiological measurement	5	9	35
R/616/7914	Anatomy, physiology, health and wellbeing	5	5	23
D/616/7916	Healthcare needs during an individual's lifespan	4	4	15
K/616/7921	Lead practice for communication and information management in care settings	5	4	20



Unit Number	Unit Title	Level	Credit Value	GLH
F/616/7925	Promote and support others to promote effective nutrition and fluid balance	5	10	22
J/616/7926	Healthcare philosophy	5	5	18
L/616/7927	Manage infection prevention and control	5	8	28
R/616/7928	Lead the assessment of and support others to assess the health and wellbeing of individuals	5	6	21

Optional Units Group 1

Unit Number	Unit Title	Level	Credit Value	GLH
L/616/7930	Safeguarding and protection of children and young people	5	5	10
R/602/2856	Safeguarding and protection of vulnerable adults	5	5	37

Optional Units Group 2

Unit Number	Unit Title	Level	Credit Value	GLH
Y/616/7932	Principles of developing and leading a health care work team	5	5	17
H/616/7934	Lead and manage a team in healthcare settings	5	2	10

Learners must complete all the mandatory units plus one unit from Optional Units Group 1 and one unit from Optional Units Group 2.



Target Audience

An employee in this occupation will be responsible for working within the limits of their competence and authority to provide high quality, evidence-based clinical, diagnostic or therapeutic care and holistic support as part of the wider healthcare team. Assistant Practitioners report to a registered healthcare practitioner and they may delegate to, supervise, teach and mentor others including healthcare support workers and students. They may manage their own caseload and normally require only indirect supervision. However, they are accountable for their actions and must alert the registered healthcare practitioner in situations where they do not have the necessary knowledge, skills or experience.

Assistant Practitioners must communicate effectively and be able to adhere to strict standards, including legislation, when handling sensitive information. They promote a safe and healthy working environment, assess and manage risk, continually develop their knowledge and skills and support others to do the same. Assistant Practitioners will provide leadership within the scope of their practice and contribute to quality improvement in services by participating in audit and research activities. There are no formal entry requirements for this qualification.

This qualification is regulated for learners aged 18 years and older.

Progression Opportunities

With training and experience, this role could lead to progression to healthcare professions such as nursing, midwifery, occupational therapy or paramedicine.

Learners who complete this qualification may go on to further study or apprenticeship programmes in related areas such as:

- Level 6 Registered Nurse
- Level 6 Midwife
- Level 6 Occupational Therapist
- Level 6 Operating Department Practitioner
- Level 6 Paramedic

Support Materials

A Portfolio Evidence Locator is available for this qualification.



Funding

For details on eligibility for government funding please refer to:

https://www.qualifications.education.gov.uk/



QUALIFICATION UNITS



Unit Title Understand safeguarding of children and young people

(for those working in the adult sector)

Unit Number Y/602/2860

Level 3 **Credit Value** 1 **GLH** 10

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with knowledge and understanding of the safeguarding of children and young people. Although the learners may not work directly with children, they need to know how to recognise and respond to abuse and/or neglect should they come across it in the course of their work with adults.

Learning outcome The learner will	Assessment criteria The learner can
Understand the policies, procedures and practices for safe working with children and young people	1.1 Explain the policies, procedures and practices for safe working with children and young people
2. Understand how to respond to evidence or concerns that a child or young person has been abused or harmed	 2.1 Describe the possible signs, symptoms, indicators and behaviours that may cause concern in the context of safeguarding 2.2 Describe the actions to take if a child or young person alleges harm or abuse in line with policies and procedures of own setting 2.3 Explain the rights that children, young people and their families have in situations where harm or abuse is suspected or alleged

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards

CCLD 305, LDSS 1, HSC 34



Unit Title Promote professional development

Unit Number L/602/2578

Level 4
Credit Value 4
GLH 33

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with the knowledge and skills required to maintain the currency of their knowledge and skills and to continually reflect on and improve practice.

Learning outcome	Assessment criteria
The learner will	The learner can
Understand principles of professional development	 1.1 Explain the importance of continually improving knowledge and practice 1.2 Analyse potential barriers to professional development 1.3 Compare the use of different sources and systems of support for professional development 1.4 Explain factors to consider when selecting opportunities and activities for keeping knowledge and practice up to date
Be able to prioritise goals and targets for own professional development	 2.1 Evaluate own knowledge and performance against standards and benchmarks 2.2 Prioritise development goals and targets to meet expected standards
3. Be able to prepare a professional development plan	 3.1 Select learning opportunities to meet development objectives and reflect personal learning style 3.2 Produce a plan for own professional development, using an appropriate source of support 3.3 Establish a process to evaluate the effectiveness of the plan
4. Be able to improve performance through reflective practice	 4.1 Compare models of reflective practice 4.2 Explain the importance of reflective practice to improve performance 4.3 Use reflective practice and feedback from others to improve performance 4.4 Evaluate how practice has been improved through: reflection on best practice reflection on failures and mistakes



Additional information

Sources and systems of support may include:

- Formal support
- Informal support
- Supervision
- Appraisal
- Mentoring
- Within the organisation
- Beyond the organisation

Standards and benchmarks may include:

- Codes of practice
- Regulations
- Minimum/essential standards

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.

Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards

HSC 43, LMCS A1, D3 CCLD 429, LDSS/GCU6



Unit Title Work in partnership in health and social care or

children and young people's settings

Unit Number A/602/3189

Level 4
Credit Value 4
GLH 26

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with the knowledge and skills required to implement and promote effective partnership working.

Learning outcome	Assessment criteria
The learner will	The learner can
Understand partnership	1.1 Identify the features of effective partnership
working	working
g	1.2 Explain the importance of partnership working with:
	 Colleagues
	Other professionalsOthers
	1.3 Analyse how partnership working delivers better outcomes
	1.4 Explain how to overcome barriers to partnership working
Be able to establish and maintain working	2.1 Explain own role and responsibilities in working with colleagues
relationships with colleagues	2.2 Develop and agree common objectives when working with colleagues
	2.3 Evaluate own working relationship with colleagues
	2.4 Deal constructively with any conflict that may arise with colleagues
Be able to establish and maintain working	3.1 Explain own role and responsibilities in working with other professionals
relationships with other professionals	3.2 Develop procedures for effective working relationships with other professionals
·	3.3 Agree common objectives when working with other professionals within the boundaries of
	own role and responsibilities
	3.4 Evaluate procedures for working with other
	professionals
	3.5 Deal constructively with any conflict that may
	arise with other professionals



4.	Be able to work in partnership with others	4.1	Analyse the importance of working in partnership with others
		4.2	Develop procedures for effective working relationships with others
		4.3	Agree common objectives when working with others within the boundaries of own role and responsibilities
		4.4	Evaluate procedures for working with others
		4.5	Deal constructively with any conflict that may arise with others

Additional information

Other professionals may include:

- Workers from other agencies or organisations
- Advocates
- Independent visitors

Others may include:

- Individuals
- Children and young people
- Families
- Carers
- Friends of the individual
- Advocates

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.

Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards



LMCS B1, HSC 41, CCLD 405, 406



Unit Number F/602/2335

Level 5
Credit Value 3
GLH 24

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with the knowledge and skills required to develop communication systems for meeting individual outcomes and promoting partnership working. The unit explores the challenges and barriers to communication and the importance of effective management of information.

Learning outcome	Assessment criteria
The learner will	The learner can
Be able to address the range of communication requirements in own role	1.1 Review the range of groups and individuals whose communication needs must be addressed in own job role
·	1.2 Explain how to support effective communication within own job role
	1.3 Analyse the barriers and challenges to
	communication within own job role 1.4 Implement a strategy to overcome
	communication barriers 1.5 Use different means of
	communication to meet different needs
2. Be able to improve communication systems and	2.1 Monitor the effectiveness of communication systems and practices
practices that support positive outcomes for	2.2 Evaluate the effectiveness of existing communication systems and practices
individuals	2.3 Propose improvements to communication systems and practices to address any shortcomings
	2.4 Lead the implementation of revised communication systems and practices
3. Be able to improve communication systems to	3.1 Use communication systems to promote partnership working
support partnership working	3.2 Compare the effectiveness of different communications systems for partnership working
	3.3 Propose improvements to communication systems for partnership working
4. Be able to use systems for effective information management	4.1 Explain legal and ethical tensions between maintaining confidentiality and sharing information
	4.2 Analyse the essential features of information



sharing agreements within and between organisations 4.3 Demonstrate use of information management systems that meet legal and ethical requirements	
--	--

Additional information

Means of communication may include:

- Verbal
- Non-verbal
- Sign
- Pictorial
- Written
- Electronic
- Assisted
- Personal
- Organisational
- Formal
- Informal
- Public (information/promotional)

Partnership working: Working effectively together with people, professionals, agencies and organisations to enhance the wellbeing of people and support positive and improved outcomes.

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.

Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards

LMCS E1 HSC 41



Unit Title Anatomy, physiology, health and wellbeing

Unit Number R/616/7914

Level 5
Credit Value 5
GLH 23

Unit Aim

The aim of this unit is to enable learners to understand the structure and functions of the human biology. Each of the human body systems are explored and the relationships between them. Learners will also explore the links between the human body and health and wellbeing.

Learning outcome The learner will	Assessment criteria The learner can
Understand the basic make- up of the human body	 1.1 Describe the structure and function of a single human cell 1.2 Explain how cells make up systems in the human body 1.1 Evaluate the function of DNA and its effect on the human body
Understand the structure and function of body systems	 2.1 Explain the different systems of the human anatomy 2.2 Explain the main functions of each of the body systems 2.3 Analyse the relationships between the different body systems 2.4 Explain the concept of homeostasis and its links with the body systems
3. Understand the links between the human body and health and wellbeing	3.1 Analyse positive and negative factors which affect each of the body systems3.2 Explain what is meant by a 'healthy lifestyle'

Additional information

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational



standards		



Unit Title Champion equality, diversity and inclusion

Unit Number Y/602/3183

Level 5
Credit Value 4
GLH 34

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with the knowledge and skills required for a whole systems approach to equality, diversity and inclusion. The unit explores models of practice and requires demonstration of skills and understanding of systems and processes.

Lea	arning outcome	Ass	essment criteria
	e learner will		e learner can
1.	Understand diversity, equality and inclusion in own area of responsibility	1.2	Explain models of practice that underpin equality, diversity and inclusion in own area of responsibility Analyse the potential effects of barriers to equality and inclusion in own area of responsibility Analyse the impact of legislation and policy initiatives on the promotion of equality, diversity and inclusion in own area of responsibility
2.	Be able to champion diversity, equality and inclusion	2.2	Promote equality, diversity and inclusion in policy and practice Challenge discrimination and exclusion in policy and practice Provide others with information about: • the effects of discrimination • the impact of inclusion • the value of diversity Support others to challenge discrimination and exclusion
3.	Understand how to develop systems and processes that promote diversity, equality and inclusion	3.2	Analyse how systems and processes can promote equality and inclusion or reinforce discrimination and exclusion Evaluate the effectiveness of systems and processes in promoting equality, diversity and inclusion in own area of responsibility Propose improvements to address gaps
4.	Be able to manage the risks presented when balancing individual rights and professional duty of care	4.1	Describe ethical dilemmas that may arise in own area of responsibility when balancing individual rights and duty of care Explain the principle of informed choice Explain how issues of individual capacity may



affect informed choice
4.4 Propose a strategy to manage risks when
balancing individual rights and duty of care in
own area of responsibility

Additional information

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.

Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards



Unit Title Develop health and safety and risk management

policies, procedures and practices in health and social

care or children and young people's settings

Unit Number K/602/3172

Level 5 Credit Value 5 GLH 33

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with the knowledge and skills required for Health and Safety and Risk Management, including the development of policies, procedures and practices in health and social care or children and young people's settings.

Learning outcome Assessment criteria		
The learner will	The learner can	
1. Understand the current legislative framework and organisational health, safety and risk management policies, procedures and practices that are relevant to health, and social care or children and young people's settings	in own setting meet health, safety and risk management requirements	
2. Be able to implement and monitor compliance with health, safety and risk management requirements in health and social care or children and young people's settings	 2.1 Demonstrate compliance with health, safety and risk management procedures 2.2 Support others to comply with legislative and organisational health, safety and risk management policies, procedures and practices relevant to their work 2.3 Explain the actions to take when health, safety and risk management, procedures and practices are not being complied with 2.4 Complete records and reports on health, safety and risk management issues according to legislative and organisational requirements 	
3. Be able to lead the implementation of policies, procedures and practices to manage risk to individuals and others in health and social care or children and young people's settings	3.1 Contribute to development of policies, procedures and practices to identify, assess and	



4. Be able to promote a culture where needs and risks are balanced with health and safety practice in health and social care or children and young people's settings	4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Work with individuals to balance the management of risk with individual rights and the views of others Work with individuals and others to develop a balanced approach to risk management that takes into account the benefits for individuals of risk taking Evaluate own practice in promoting a balanced approach to risk management Analyse how helping others to understand the balance between risk and rights improves practice
5. Be able to improve health, safety and risk management policies, procedures and practices in health and social care or children and young people's settings	5.15.25.35.4	Obtain feedback on health, safety and risk management policies, procedures and practices from individuals and others Evaluate the health, safety and risk management policies, procedures and practices within the work setting. Identify areas of policies, procedures and practices that need improvement to ensure safety and protection in the work setting Recommend changes to policies, procedures and practices that ensure safety and protection in the work setting in the work setting

Additional information

Others may include:

- Self
- Workers/practitioners
- Carers
- Significant others
- Visitors to the work setting
- Inspectors/regulators

An individual is someone accessing care or support.

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.

Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of



evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards

LMCS C1, HSC 42, MSC E5, E6, E7, CCLD 428



Unit Title Manage quality in health and social care or children

and young

people's settings

Unit Number R/602/2758

Level 5 Credit Value 4 GLH 36

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with the knowledge and skills required to manage quality assurance systems.

Looveing outcome	Association and Association an	
Learning outcome	Assessment criteria	
The learner will	The learner can	
Understand the context of quality assurance in a health and social care or children and young people's setting	 1.1 Analyse how legislative and regulatory frameworks inform quality standards that apply to the work setting 1.2 Analyse how quality standards influence positive outcomes for individuals 1.3 Evaluate a range of methods that can be used to measure the achievement of quality standards 	
2. Be able to implement quality standards in a health and social care or children and young people's setting	 2.1 Work with team members and others to: agree quality standards for the service select indicators to measure agreed standards identify controls to support the achievement of agreed standards 2.2 Develop systems and processes to measure achievement of quality standards 2.3 Support team members to carry out their roles in implementing quality controls 2.4 Explain how quality assurance standards relate to performance management 	
3. Be able to lead the evaluation of quality processes in a health and social care or children and young people's setting	 3.1 Support team members to carry out their roles in monitoring quality indicators 3.2 Use selected indicators to evaluate the achievement of quality standards 3.3 Work with others to identify: areas of best practice areas for improvement 3.4 Work with others to develop an action plan to improve quality of service 	
Additional information		



Individuals are those accessing care or support.

Methods for example:

- NICE quality standards
- National targets
- Key performance indicators
- Specific indicators/standards
- Legal regulations
- Self-evaluation

Others may include:

- Individuals
- Advocates
- Carers
- Family members
- Others important to the individual's wellbeing

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.

Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards

LMC E3 LMC A5 CCLD 427 MSC F13 HSC436



Unit Title Undertake a research project

within services for health and social care or children

and young people

Unit Number J/602/3499

Level 5 Credit Value 10 GLH 80

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with the knowledge and skills required to undertake a research project within services for health and social care or children or young people.

Los	Learning outcome Assessment criteria		
		Assessment criteria The learner can	
Ine	e learner will		
1.	Be able to justify a topic for	1.1	Identify the area for the research project
	research within services for	1.2	Develop the aims and objectives of the
	health and social care or		research project
	children and young people	1.3	Explain ethical considerations that apply to
			the area of the research project
		1.4	Complete a literature review of chosen area of
			research
2.	Understand how the	2.1	Critically compare different types of research
	components of research are	2.2	Evaluate a range of methods that can be used
	used		to collect data
		2.3	Identify a range of tools that can be used to
			analyse data
		2.4	Explain the importance of validity and reliability
			of data used within research
3.	Be able to conduct a	3.1	Identify sources of support whilst conducting a
	research project within		research project
	services for health and	3.2	Formulate a detailed plan for a research project
	social care or children and	3.3	Select research methods for the project
	young people	3.4	Develop research questions to be used within
			the project
		3.5	Conduct the research using identified research
			methods
		3.6	Record and collate data
4.	Be able to analyse research	4.1	Use data analysis methods to analyse the data
	findings	4.2	Draw conclusions from findings
		4.3	Reflect how own research findings substantiate
		4.4	initial literature review Make recommendations related to area of
		4.4	research
		4.5	Identify potential uses for the research findings



within practice

Additional information

Aims and objectives – the reasons, understanding and methods for conducting the research project

Ethical considerations – confidentiality, sensitivity of data, seeking agreements with participants

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.

Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards

CCLD 420 Undertake a research project



Unit Title Perform and support others to perform physiological

measurement

Unit Number A/616/7910

Level 5
Credit Value 9
GLH 35

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with the knowledge and skills required to undertake and support others to undertake a range of physiological measurements. Relevant physiological measurements are explained and their relationship to the associated anatomy and physiology. Learners will demonstrate safe performance and how they support others to undertake safe and effective practice.

Learning outcome	Assessment criteria
The learner will	The learner can
Understand legislation, policy and procedures relevant to undertaking physiological measurements	 1.1 Evaluate current legislation, policy and local procedures relating to undertaking physiological measurements 1.2 Explain the competence requirements needed to safely and effectively take and record physiological measurements
 Understand the anatomy and physiology associated with physiological measurements 	2.1 Describe in detail the anatomy and physiology related to the physiological measurement being undertaken
Understand upper and lower parameters of physiological measurements	 3.1 Explain the following in detail: Blood pressure maintenance Systolic and diastolic pressure Normal parameters of blood pressure 3.2 Explain the following in detail: Maintenance of pulse Normal parameters of pulse 3.3 Explain the following in detail: Maintenance of respiration Normal parameters of respiration 3.4 Explain the following in detail: Maintenance of body temperature Normal parameters of body temperature Normal parameters of body temperature 3.5 Explain the following in detail: Maintenance of fluid balance



	 Dehydration 3.6 Explain the following in detail: Maintenance of oxygen levels in the blood stream Normal parameters of oxygen levels in the blood stream
4. Know conditions which affect physiological measurement	4.1 Explain conditions which have an effect on physiological measurement, including the effect of relevant physiological measurement
5. Perform and support others to perform physiological	5.1 Demonstrate the procedure for taking and recording physiological measurements
measurement	5.2 Supervise individuals undertaking physiological measurements using the correct procedure
	5.3 Provide feedback on performance of physiological measurements

Additional information

Physiological measurements can include:

- Blood pressure
- Pulse
- Respiration
- Temperature
- Fluid balance
- Pulse oximetry

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.

Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards





Unit Title Healthcare needs during an individual's lifespan

Unit Number D/616/7916

Level 4
Credit Value 4
GLH 15

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with knowledge of human development. The learner will explore stages of development and factors that influence health and wellbeing at each stage, as well as healthcare provision for each part of the human lifespan.

Learning outcome The learner will	Assessment criteria The learner can		
Understand the different stages of development over a lifespan	1.1 Describe each stage of human development1.2 Explain theories of human development		
Understand the influences on health and wellbeing at different stages of life	 2.1 Analyse the factors that influence health and wellbeing for each stage of an individual's lifespan 2.2 Explain different morbidity and mortality rates at each stage of life 		
Understand care provision over different life stages	 3.1 Explain types of care provision for each stage of life 3.2 Explain the need for targeted health promotion for each stage of human development 3.3 Analyse the barriers to individuals accessing health care provision at each stage of development 		

Additional information

Stage of human development: in utero, infancy, childhood, adolescence, early adulthood, mid adulthood, late adulthood

Theories of human development: Grand theories, Mini theories, Developmental theories, Emergent theories

Factors: biological, social, psychological, lifestyle choices, ecological

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment



Principles.
Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards



Unit Title Lead practice for

communication and information management in care

settings

Unit Number K/616/7921

Level 5
Credit Value 4
GLH 20

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with the knowledge and skills required to communicate effectively in care settings. The unit explores the range of relationships where communication plays a vital role and the legal and ethical aspects influencing practice.

Learning outcome	Asse	Assessment criteria		
The learner will		The learner can		
1. Understand the role of	1.1	Compare theoretical models of		
communication in health		communication used in health settings		
settings	1.2	Explain how to implement models of		
		communication used in healthcare		
	1.3	Explain why different systems of communication are needed in healthcare settings		
	1.4	Analyse how communication underpins:		
		 sustainable relationships 		
		 leadership and management of teams 		
		 partnership working 		
	1.5	Analyse the role of communication on achieving		
		positive outcomes for individuals, families and		
		carers		
	1.6	Explain how communication can be utilised in		
2 2 1	2.4	conflict resolution		
2. Develop communication systems and practices that	2.1	Monitor the effectiveness of communication		
support positive outcomes	2.2	systems and practices		
Support positive dutesmes	2.2	Evaluate the effectiveness of communication		
	2.3	systems and practices Propose improvements to communication		
	2.3	Propose improvements to communication systems and practices		
	2.4	Implement revised communication systems and		
	2.1	practices		
3. Implement systems for	3.1	Analyse the legal and ethical conflicts between		
effective information		maintaining confidentiality and sharing		



management information 3.2 Manage systems to address potential legal and/or ethical conflicts that can arise between
3.2 Manage systems to address potential legal

Models of communication can include linear, interactive, transactional

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.

Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards

SCDLMCE1 and SCDHSC0434



Unit Title Promote and support others to promote effective

nutrition and fluid balance

Unit Number F/616/7925

Level 5
Credit Value 10
GLH 22

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with knowledge and understanding in nutrition and fluid balance, dietary and fluid supplements and relevant anatomy and physiology. Learners will also develop the skills to promote and support others to promote nutrition and fluid balance.

Learning outcome		Asse	essment criteria
	e learner will		learner can
1.	Understand the legislation, policies and procedures relevant to nutrition and fluid balance	1.1	Explain the legislation, policies and procedures relating to nutrition and fluid balance Explain how legislation, policies and procedures influence own role and practice in terms of nutrition and fluid balance
2.	Understand the impact of social, cultural and lifestyle factors on an individual's nutrition and fluid balance	2.1 2.2	Describe the components of a balanced diet Analyse the effect on an individual's nutrition and fluid balance of: • Social factors • Cultural factors • Lifestyle factors Evaluate health promotion initiatives relevant to diet, nutrition and fluid balance
3.	Understand the impact of ill health on an individual's nutrition and fluid balance	3.1	Describe health conditions which affect an individual's ability to maintain a balanced diet and fluid balance Explain the anatomy and physiology relevant to nutrition and fluid balance
4.	Understand the requirement for dietary and fluid supplements	4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6	Explain the requirements for supplements to dietary and/or fluid intake Work with wider multidisciplinary team to identify what supplements individuals require Create a care plan based on the assessment for dietary and/or fluid supplements Use the care plan to support an individual's nutrition and fluid balance using supplements Monitor an individual's use of and response to dietary and/or fluid supplements Report to the wider team and adjust the care



			plan as necessary
5.	Promote nutrition and fluid	5.1	Formulate a person-centred plan of care to
	balance		address the nutrition and fluid balance needs
			of the individual, in partnership with
			multidisciplinary team
		5.2	Implement care plan to provide nutrition and
			fluid balance to individuals
		5.3	Monitor the individual's response to nutrition
			and fluid balance support
6.	Support others to promote	6.1	Implement strategies to ensure that others are
	nutrition and fluid balance		aware of the need to promote nutrition and
			fluid balance
		6.2	Communicate the care plan to the wider team
		6.3	Monitor others in promoting nutrition and
			fluid balance
		6.4	Give feedback to others on their
			performance in promoting nutrition and
			fluid balance
	ditional information		

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.

Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards



Unit Title Healthcare philosophy

Unit Number J/616/7926

Level 5
Credit Value 5
GLH 18

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with knowledge and understanding of models of healthcare and their use in practice. The unit enables the learner to explore the context of healthcare and factors that have an influence upon it.

Learning outcome	Assessment criteria
The learner will	The learner can
Understand the concepts which underpin the notion of healthcare	 1.1 Define: health wellbeing 1.2 Analyse the links between health and wellbeing 1.3 Explain the influence on health and wellbeing of: lifestyle culture
	social factors
2. Understand models of healthcare	 2.1 Define the following models of healthcare: biomedical social psychological biopsychosocial ecological 2.2 Analyse the advantages and disadvantages of models of healthcare
3. Understand how models of care influence their practice	3.1 Identify the models of care used in own practice3.2 Evaluate own use of models of care in own practice
Additional information	

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if



appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards



Unit Title Manage infection prevention and control

Unit Number L/616/7927

Level 5
Credit Value 8
GLH 28

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with the knowledge and skills required to implement and support others to implement legislation, policies and procedures relating to infection prevention and control.

Learning outcome Assessme		Asse	essment criteria	
	e learner will	The learner can		
1.	Understand legislation, policies and procedures relating to infection control processes	1.1	Evaluate legislation, policies and procedures and local codes of practice relating to infection prevention and control in a range of care settings	
		1.2	Describe own role in infection prevention and control	
		1.3	Describe own role in supporting others in infection prevention and control	
		1.4	Explain the importance of sharing information about infection prevention and control	
		1.5	Analyse the effectiveness of information sharing in relation to infection prevention and control	
2.	Implement legislation, policies and procedures relating to infection	2.1	Explain differences in the application of infection prevention and control policies and procedures across a range of care settings	
	prevention and control	2.2	Identify factors that contribute to the spread of infection	
		2.3	Evaluate the concept of a proportionate approach in a range of care settings	
		2.4	Apply legislation, policies and procedures to own practice area	
		2.5	Maintain records relating to infection prevention and control including outbreaks and/or isolated infections	
3.	Support others to apply infection prevention and control legislation, policies and procedures	3.1	Ensure that others are aware of the relevant legislation, policies and procedures relating to infection prevention and control	



	3.2	Monitor compliance with legislation, policies, procedures and best practice initiatives
	3.3	Provide feedback to others on their
		performance relating to infection prevention
		and control
	3.4	Describe the procedure for dealing with non-
		compliance
4. Review the effectiveness of	4.1	Analyse non-compliance data
the legislation, policies and	4.2	Explore reasons for non-compliance
procedures for infection	4.3	Analyse data on infection rates and types
prevention and control and their implementation	4.4	Explain reasons for infection rates and types of
their implementation		infection
	4.5	Make recommendations based on findings from
		the data analysis

Care settings:

- Individual's own home
- Residential care settings
- Nursing home settings
- Community settings
- Health care settings

Proportionate approach: The application of infection prevention and control policies and procedures (Department of Health and Social Care Code of Practice for health and social care on the prevention and control of infections and related guidance)

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.

Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational



standards		



Unit Title Lead the assessment of and support others to assess

the health and wellbeing of individuals

Unit Number R/616/7928

Level 5
Credit Value 6
GLH 21

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with the knowledge and skills required to undertake and support others to assess the health and wellbeing of individuals.

Learning outcome		Asse	Assessment criteria		
	e learner will		The learner can		
1.	Understand the process for assessing the health and wellbeing of individuals using a person-centred	1.1	Summarise national and local policies and codes of practice relevant to the assessment of health and wellbeing of individuals		
approach	1.2	Evaluate different processes related to the assessment of health and wellbeing of individuals			
		1.3	Evaluate the role of others in the assessment of health and wellbeing of individuals		
		1.4	Explain the importance of using a person- centred approach in the assessment of health and wellbeing of individuals		
2.	Demonstrate effective assessment of the health	2.1	Discuss the relevance of the assessment being undertaken with the individual		
and wellbeing of individua	and wellbeing of individuals	2.2	Carry out the assessment process in accordance with national and local policies using a person-centred approach		
		2.3	Overcome barriers to effective assessment during the assessment process		
		2.4	Record the assessment according to national and local policies		
		2.5	Report findings from the assessment to the wider team in accordance with national and local policies		
		2.6	Evaluate the sources of data available during the assessment		
3.	Develop and review plans based on the assessment of	3.1	Identify actions as a result of the assessment undertaken		
	the health and wellbeing of individuals	3.2	Using a person-centred approach develop a plan of care based on the assessment		



		3.3	Implement and review the effectiveness of the
			plan of care at regular intervals
		3.4	Adjust and update the plan as and when
		appropriate	
		3.5	Ensure the wider team is advised of the plan,
			the review and any changes made
		3.6	Discuss the importance of developing a
			person-centred plan of care
4.	Support others to undertake	4.1	Demonstrate the assessment processes to
	assessment of the health and wellbeing of individuals		others
		4.2	Demonstrate how to delegate assessment
			processes, taking into account the scope of
			practice of the individual undertaking the
			assessment
		4.3	Demonstrate how to assess others' ability to
			undertake assessment processes
		4.4	Provide feedback to others undertaking
			assessments

Barriers

- Communication (such as language, visual impairment, hearing impairment)
- Noise
- Cultural
- Illness such as dementia or confusion
- Disability physical or psychological
- Environment
- Family members
- Lack of privacy
- Capacity

Person-centred assessment

Ensuring the person being assessed is at the centre of the assessment process. This includes ensuring:

- Privacy
- Dignity
- Equality
- Care
- Compassion

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if



appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.

Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards



Unit Title Safeguarding and protection of vulnerable adults

Unit Number R/602/2856

Level 5
Credit Value 5
GLH 37

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with the knowledge and skills required to protect and safeguard vulnerable adults. The unit requires learners to understand the legal and regulatory basis for safeguarding and to know the actions to take and procedures to follow. It also follows the personalisation agenda in supporting individuals to develop the confidence to manage their own risks. One of the key steps in safeguarding is to work in partnership with other organisations in order to achieve the best possible outcomes.

Learning outcome		Asse	Assessment criteria		
The	e learner will	The	The learner can		
1.	Understand the legislation, regulations and policies that underpin the protection of	1.1	Analyse the differences between the concept of safeguarding and the concept of protection in relation to vulnerable adults		
	vulnerable adults	1.2	Evaluate the impact of policy developments on approaches to safeguarding vulnerable adults in own service setting		
		1.3	Explain the legislative framework for safeguarding vulnerable adults		
		1.4	Evaluate how serious case reviews or inquiries have influenced quality assurance, regulation and inspection relating to the safeguarding of vulnerable adults		
		1.5	Explain the protocols and referral procedures when harm or abuse is alleged or suspected		
2.	Be able to lead service provision that protects vulnerable adults	2.1	Promote service provision that supports vulnerable adults to assess risks and make informed choices		
		2.2	Provide information to others on: indicators of abuse		
			 measures that can be taken to avoid abuse taking place 		
			 steps that need to be taken in the case of suspected or alleged abuse 		
		2.3	Identify the policies and procedures in own work setting that contribute towards		
			safeguarding and the prevention of abuse		
		2.4	Monitor the implementation of policies and		



		procedures that aim to safeguard vulnerable
		adults and prevent abuse from occurring
	2.5	Provide feedback to others on practice that
		supports the protection of vulnerable adults
Be able to manage interagency, joint or integrated	3.1	Follow agreed protocols for working in partnership with other organisations
working in order to protect vulnerable adults	3.2	procedures for working in partnership with
		other organisations
	4.1	Support the participation of vulnerable adults
•		in a review of systems and procedures
processes and practice that	4.2	Evaluate the effectiveness of systems and
safeguards vulnerable		procedures to protect vulnerable adults in own
adults		service setting
	4.3	Challenge ineffective practice in the promotion
		of the safeguarding of vulnerable adults
	4.4	Recommend proposals for improvements in
		systems and procedures in own service setting
	agency, joint or integrated working in order to protect vulnerable adults Be able to monitor and evaluate the systems, processes and practice that safeguards vulnerable	Be able to manage interagency, joint or integrated working in order to protect vulnerable adults Be able to monitor and evaluate the systems, processes and practice that safeguards vulnerable adults 4.1 4.2 4.3

Policy developments may include:

- Our health, our care, our say
- Putting People First
- No Secrets
- In Safe Hands
- Disclosure and Barring Service
- Local Safeguarding Adults Boards

Agreed protocols may include:

- Boundaries
- Areas of responsibility
- Information sharing
- Limits of authority
- Decision making
- Recording information

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.



Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards

HSC 45, 430



Unit Title Safeguarding and protection of children and young

people

Unit Number L/616/7930

Level 5
Credit Value 5
GLH 10

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with the knowledge and skills required to protect and safeguard children and young people.

Learning outcome	Assessment criteria
The learner will	The learner can
Understand the legislate guidelines, policies and procedures for safeguate children and young people.	policies and procedures which support the safeguarding of children and young people
	procedures impact upon own role in safeguarding children and young people 1.4 Explain the link between safeguarding children and young people and legislation regarding data protection and information sharing 1.5 Explain the need for serious case reviews and
	inquiries into cases of alleged breaches of safeguarding
Lead practice that support the safeguarding and protection of children	procedures for safeguarding children and
young people	2.2 Implement systems to ensure that children and young people feel able to raise concerns and complaints openly and honestly
	2.3 Include children and young people in the review of systems and processes to support safeguarding and protection
	2.4 Work in partnership with other agencies in order to safeguard and protect children and young people



			Evaluate the effectiveness of guidelines, policies and procedures in safeguarding and protecting children and young people	
3.	Support others to safeguard and protect children and young people	3.3	Provide information and mentoring to team members about safeguarding and protection Challenge any identified poor practice and attitudes in relation to safeguarding and protection Monitor the implementation of guidelines, policies and procedures in relation to safeguarding and protection Give feedback on team and individual performance in safeguarding and protection Manage training for team members on safeguarding and protection issues	
	Additional information			

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.

Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards



Unit Title Principles of developing and leading a healthcare work

team

Unit Number Y/616/7932

Level 5
Credit Value 5
GLH 17

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with knowledge and understanding of team theory and its application in the workplace.

Learning outcome The learner will	Assessment criteria The learner can		
Understand theories of leadership and management in terms of their impact on teams	 1.1 Describe theories of management and leadership 1.2 Explain the relationship between management and leadership 1.3 Explain the impact of management and leadership theories on teams 		
Understand theories of team development and team working	 2.1 Explain theories of team development 2.2 Explain theories of effective team working 2.3 Evaluate the application of team working theories to own practice 2.4 Analyse different types of teams in healthcare settings 		
3. Understand management of team performance Additional information	 3.1 Evaluate the impact of different management styles on team performance 3.2 Evaluate the impact of different leadership styles on team performance 3.3 Describe how to motivate teams in healthcare settings 3.4 Explain the importance of monitoring and reviewing team performance 		

Additional information

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment



Principles.
Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards



Unit Title Lead and manage a team in healthcare settings

Unit Number H/616/7934

Level 5
Credit Value 2
GLH 10

Unit Aim

This unit provides learners with the knowledge and skills required to lead and manage a team in healthcare settings.

Learning outcome		Acce	Assessment criteria	
The learner will		The learner can		
1.	Understand theories of leadership and management	1.1 1.2 1.3	Describe theories of leadership and management Explain how theoretical models are applied to practice Analyse how to address conflicts relating to the application of leadership and management models	
2.	Understand leadership and management in healthcare	2.12.22.32.42.52.6	Analyse the impact of policy drivers on leadership and management in care services Explain the leadership and management skills needed in care settings Explain why leadership and management styles need to be adapted to manage different situations Evaluate the interaction between leadership and the values and culture of an organisation Describe the importance of learning from experience Explain how to establish a culture of continual learning and development in the setting	
3.	Lead commitment to a vision for the service	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Contribute own ideas about the vision for the service and its future Support stakeholders to: • be aware of the vision for the service • understand the impact it will have on them Work with others to build support for the vision Implement measures to ensure the vision is	



			shared and owned by those who will be
			implementing and communicating it
4.	Be able to provide leadership for a team	4.1	Adapt leadership styles to reflect different
			stages in the team's development
		4.2	Establish trust and accountability within the
			team
		4.3	Build team commitment to the service and its
			values
		4.4	Contribute to the lifecycle of strategies to
			support a positive values-based culture in the
			team
		4.5	Promote team practice that:
			 champions diversity, equality and inclusion
			 challenges discrimination and exclusion
5.	Be able to manage team working	5.1	Facilitate team members to actively participate
			in agreeing team objectives
		5.2	Implement ways to support team members to
			work towards personal and team objectives
		5.3	Monitor progress towards objectives for:
			• individuals
			• team
		5.4	Analyse how the attributes of the team
			contribute to meeting agreed objectives
		5.5	Provide feedback on performance to
			 individual team members
			the team
		5.6	Work with team members to:
			 address any issues with performance
			 identify opportunities for continuing
			development

Others can include colleagues, other professionals, individuals and their families and carers

Attributes can include skills, interests, knowledge, development needs and expertise

Assessment requirements specified by a sector or regulatory body (if appropriate)

This unit must be assessed in accordance with Skills for Health's Assessment



Principles.

Assessment decisions for skills-based learning outcomes must be made during the learner's normal work activity.

Skills-based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence and must be carried out over an appropriate period of time.

Any knowledge evidence integral to skills-based learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment, but the final assessment decision must show application of knowledge within the real work environment.

Details of the relationship of the unit and relevant national occupational standards



APPENDIX



The Regulated Qualifications Framework (RQF)

What is the RQF?

The Regulated Qualifications Framework (RQF) is an Ofqual regulated system of cataloguing qualifications. Qualifications on the RQF can be found by their size or level. Qualifications at a given level can differ depending on their content and purpose.

All of Innovate Awarding's qualifications are on the RQF.

Qualification Level

The level reflects the challenge or difficulty of the qualification. There are eight levels of qualification from 1 to 8, supported by three 'Entry' levels.

Qualification Size

The size of a qualification reflects the estimated total amount of time it would take the average learner to study and be assessed. The size of a qualification is expressed in terms of Total Qualification Time (TQT). The time spent being taught or supervised, rather than studying alone, is the Guided Learning Hours (GLH).

Qualifications can sit at different levels but require similar amounts of study and assessment. Similarly, qualifications at the same level can take different amounts of time to complete.



Credit Values

Every unit and qualification on the RQF has been given a credit value, which denotes the number of credits that will be awarded to each candidate who successfully completes the unit or qualification.

• 1 credit represents 10 notional learning hours.

Notional learning hours represent the amount of time a learner is expected to take, on average, to complete the learning outcomes of the unit to the standard required within the assessment criteria. It is important to note that notional learning hours is not the same as guided learning hours (GLH). GLH represents the hours during which a tutor or trainer is present and contributing to the learning process. Notional learning hours represents the hours which are needed to successfully cover all the learning required to achieve the unit, either guided or independently.

RQF Terminology

Whilst the evidence outcomes required from RQF and NVQ units are the same, the RQF units use different terminology to the NVQ units. The assessment criteria for NVQ units are 'what you must do' and 'what you must know' whereas the RQF units are all 'the Learner can' or 'the Learner is able to'.

Rules of Combination (RoC)

Every qualification on the RQF is structured through Rules of Combination. Rules of Combination are important because they define the number of credits which need to be achieved and where these credits must come from in order for a Learner to achieve the qualification. Rules of Combination also state what the potential is for Learners who wish to transfer credits between qualifications and awarding organisations.



Skills for Health Assessment Principles for Qualifications that Assess Occupational Competence Version 5, September 2022

1. Introduction

- 1.1 Skills for Health is the Sector Skills Council (SSC) for the UK health sector.
- 1.2 This document sets out principles and approaches to the assessment of regulated qualifications not already described by the qualifications regulators in England, Wales and Northern Ireland. This information is intended to support the quality assurance processes of Awarding Organisations that offer qualifications in the sector, and should be read alongside these. It should also be read alongside individual unit assessment requirements.
- 1.3 These principles will ensure a consistent approach to those elements of assessment which require further interpretation and definition, and support sector confidence.
- 1.4 These principles apply to qualifications and the units therein that assess occupational competence.¹
- 1.5 Throughout this document the term *unit* is used for simplicity but this can mean module or any other similar term.

2. Assessment Principles

- 2.1 Learners must be registered with the Awarding Organisation before formal assessment commences.
- 2.2 Assessment decisions for competence based units must be made by an occupationally competent assessor primarily using evidence generated in the workplace during the learners normal work activity. Any knowledge evidence integral to these learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment.
- 2.3 Assessment decisions for competence units must be made by an assessor who meets the requirements set out in the qualification's assessment strategy. Where the Awarding Organisation requires that the assessor holds, or is working toward, a formal assessor qualification, that qualification should be the Level 3 Certificate in Assessing Vocational Achievement. Assessors holding the D32/33 or A1 qualifications are not required to re-qualify. Where an Awarding Organisation does not expect the assessor to hold or be working toward a formal qualification we would expect that Awarding Organisation to ensure that the assessor meets the same standards of assessment practice as set out in

¹ These are qualifications which confirm competence in an occupational role to the standards required and/or confirm the ability to meet 'licence to practice' or other legal requirements made by the relevant sector, professional or industry body



- the Learning and Development National Occupational Standard 09 Assess learner achievement.
- 2.4 Competence based units **must** include direct observation² in the workplace as the primary source of evidence.
 - In some instances, direct observation² may take place with the assessor being remote from the learner. This **must** be defined in the unit assessment strategy and **must** be agreed with Skills for Health.
 - A risk assessment must be conducted and documented prior to the assessment commencing to ensure that the privacy, dignity or confidentiality of any individual will not be compromised by the use of remote technologies.
- 2.5 Simulation may only be utilised as an assessment method for learning outcomes that start with 'be able to' where this is specified in the assessment requirements of the unit. The use of simulation should be restricted to obtaining evidence where the evidence cannot be generated through normal work activity.
 - Where this may be the case the use of simulation in the unit assessment strategy will be agreed with Skills for Health.
- 2.6 Expert witnesses can be used for direct observation where they have occupational expertise for specialist areas or the observation is of a particularly sensitive nature. The use of expert witnesses should be determined and agreed by the assessor.
- 2.7 Assessment decisions for knowledge only units must be made by an assessor qualified to make thee assessment decisions as defined in the unit assessment strategy.

3. Internal Quality Assurance

- 3.1 Internal quality assurance is key to ensuring that the assessment of evidence for units is of a consistent and appropriate quality. Those carrying out internal quality assurance must be occupationally knowledgeable in the area they are assuring and be qualified to make quality assurance decisions.
- 3.2 Skills for Health would expect that where the Awarding Organisation requires those responsible for internal quality assurance to hold formal internal quality assurance qualifications that these would be the Level 4 Award in the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice or the Level 4 Certificate in Leading the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice, as appropriate depending on the role of the individual. Those responsible for internal quality assurance holding the D34 or V1 qualifications are not required to re-qualify. Where an Awarding Organisation does not expect those responsible for internal quality assurance to hold or be working toward a formal internal quality assurance qualification we would expect that Awarding Organisation to ensure that those responsible for internal quality

-

² Direct observation will typically involve the assessor being in the workplace with the learner.



assurance meet the standard of practice set out in the Learning and Development National Occupational Standard 11 Internally monitor and maintain the quality of assessment.

4. Definitions

4.1 Occupationally competent:

This means that each assessor must be capable of carrying out the full requirements within the competence unit/s they are assessing. Occupational competence must be at unit level which might mean different assessors across a whole qualification. Being occupationally competent means they are also occupationally knowledgeable. This occupational competence should be maintained through clearly demonstrable continuing learning and professional development. This can be demonstrated through current statutory professional registration.

4.2 Occupationally knowledgeable:

This means that each assessor should possess relevant knowledge and understanding, and be able to assess this in units designed to test specific knowledge and understanding, or in units where knowledge and understanding are components of competency. This occupational knowledge should be maintained through clearly demonstrable continuing learning and professional development.

4.3 Qualified to make assessment decisions:

This means that each assessor must hold a relevant qualification or be assessing to the standard specified in the unit/qualification assessment strategy.

4.4 Qualified to make quality assurance decisions:

Awarding Organisations will determine what will qualify those undertaking internal quality assurance to make decisions about that quality assurance.

4.5 Expert witness:

An expert witness must:

- have a working knowledge of the qualification units on which their expertise is based;
- be occupationally competent in their area of expertise;
- have EITHER a qualification in assessment of workplace performance OR a professional work role which involves evaluating the everyday practice of staff.



Assessment Principles

Learners must be registered with the Awarding Organisation before formal assessment commences.

Assessors must be able to evidence and justify the assessment decisions that they have made.

Where an assessor is occupationally competent but not yet qualified as an assessor, assessment decisions must rest with a qualified assessor. This may be expressed through a robust countersigning strategy that supports and validates assessment decisions made by as yet unqualified assessors, until the point where they meet the requirements for qualification.

Assessment of knowledge-based learning outcomes:

- May take place in or outside of a real work environment
- Must be made by an occupationally qualified and knowledgeable assessor, qualified to make assessment decisions
- Must be robust, reliable, valid, and current; any assessment evidence using pre-set automated tests, including e-assessment portfolios, must meet these requirements and can only contribute to overall decisions made by the assessor.

Those involved in assessment must demonstrate their continuing professional development, up to date skills, knowledge and understanding of practice at or above the level of the unit.

Regardless of the form of recording used for assessment evidence, the guiding principle must be that evidence gathered for assessment must comply with policy and legal requirements in relation to confidentiality and data protection. Assessors must ensure they are satisfied the evidence presented is traceable, auditable and authenticated and meets assessment principles.

Quality Assurance

Internal quality assurance is key to ensuring that the assessment of evidence is of a consistent and appropriate quality. Those carrying out internal quality assurance must be occupationally knowledgeable in the unit they are assuring and be qualified to make quality assurance decisions.

Those involved in internal quality assurance must have the authority and the resources to monitor the work of assessors. They have a responsibility to highlight and propose ways to address any challenges in the assessment process (e.g. to ensure suitable assessors are assigned to reflect the strengths and needs of particular learners).



Those carrying out external quality assurance must be occupationally knowledgeable and understand the policy and practice context of the qualifications in which they are involved.

Those involved in external quality assurance have a responsibility to promote continuous improvement in the quality of assessment processes.

Occupational Competence Requirements

Tutors, Assessors and Quality Assurance Staff

Required Criteria

All Tutors, Assessors and Quality Assurance Staff must:

- Have a specific qualification equivalent to the qualification or units being taught/assessed or quality assured
- Have relevant industry experience
- Demonstrate active involvement in a process of industry relevant Continued Professional Development during the last two years (this may be discipline/context specific or relevant to tutoring assessing or quality assurance)

Types of Assessor Qualifications

- D32 Assess Candidate Performance and D33 Assess Candidate Using Differing Sources of Evidence
- A1 Assess Candidate Performance Using a Range of Methods and A2
 Assessing Candidates' Performance through Observation QCF Level 3 Award
 in Assessing Competence in the Work Environment (for competence/skills
 learning outcomes only)
- QCF Level 3 Award in Assessing Vocationally Related Achievement (for knowledge learning outcomes only)
- QCF Level 3 Certificate in Assessing Vocational Achievement
- Qualified Teacher Status
- Certificate in Education in Post Compulsory Education (PCE)
- Social Work Post Qualifying Award in Practice Teaching
- Certificate in Teaching in the Lifelong Learning Sector (CTLLS)
- Diploma in Teaching in the Lifelong Learning sector (DTLLS)
- Mentorship and Assessment in Health and Social Care Settings
- Mentorship in Clinical/Health Care Practice
- L&D9DI Assessing workplace competence using Direct and Indirect methods (Scotland)
- L&D9D Assessing workplace competence using Direct methods (Scotland)
- NOCN Tutor/Assessor Award
- Level 3 Awards and Certificate in Assessing the Quality of Assessment (QCF)
- Level 4 Awards and Certificates in Assuring the Quality of Assessment (QCF)
- Level 3 Award in Education and Training JABQG Sept 2014 Version 5
- Level 4 Certificate in Education and Training



- Level 5 Diploma in Education and Training
- Level 3 Certificate in Assessing Vocational Achievement (RQF)

Tutors

Tutors must hold or be working towards a teaching qualification. The following are acceptable:

- Level 3 Award, Level 4 Certificate or Level 5 in Education and Training
- Level 3 Award in Preparing to Teach in the Lifelong Learning Sector (PTTLS)
- Level 4 Award in Preparing to Teach in the Lifelong Learning Sector (PTTLS)
- Level 4 Certificate in Teaching in the Lifelong Learning Sector (CTTLS)
- Level 5 Diploma in Teaching in the Lifelong Learning
- Sector (DTTLS) Relevant predecessor NOF tutor qualifications

Assessors

Assessors must hold or be working towards any of the following:

- Level 3 Award in Assessing Vocationally Related Achievement
- Level 3 Award in Assessing Competence in the Work Environment
- Level 3 Certificate in Assessing Vocational Achievement
- A1 (previously D32, D33) or
- Relevant predecessor NQF assessor qualifications

Assessors holding historical qualifications such as unit A1, unit A2, and/or unit D32, and/or unit D33, are required to demonstrate that they meet the same standards of assessment practice as set out in the Learning and Development National Occupational Standard - Standard 9 Assess Learner Achievement. Suggested evidence that demonstrates this requirement may include CPD records, a Personal Development Plan (PDP) and/or records of work completed.

Internal Quality Assurers

Internal quality assurers must hold or be working towards any of the following:

- Level 4 Award in the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice
- Level 4 Certificate in Leading the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice
- V1 (previously D34)
- Relevant predecessor NQF internal quality assurance qualifications

Internal Verifiers holding historical qualifications such as unit V1 – Conduct internal quality assurance of the assessment process and/or unit D34, are required to



demonstrate that they meet the same standards for monitoring assessment processes and decisions as set out in the Learning and Development National Occupational Standard – Standard 11 Internally monitor and maintain the quality of assessment. Suggested evidence that demonstrates this requirement may include CPD records, a Personal Development Plan (PDP) and/or records of work completed.

It is recommended that internal quality assurance staff also hold a relevant assessing qualification as detailed above.

External Quality Assurers

External Quality Assurers must hold or be working towards any of the following:

- Level 4 Award in the External Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice
- Level 4 Certificate in Leading the External Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice
- V2 (previously D35)

External verifiers holding historical qualifications such as unit V2 – Conduct external quality assurance of the assessment process and/or unit D35, are required to demonstrate that they meet the same standards for monitoring assessment processes and decisions as set out in the Learning and Development National Occupational Standard – Standard 12 Externally monitor and maintain the quality of assessment Suggested evidence that demonstrates this requirement may include CPD records, a Personal Development Plan (PDP) and/or records of work completed.

It is recommended that external quality assurance staff also hold a relevant assessing and internal quality assurance qualifications as detailed above.

All new assessors and quality assurance staff must be given a clear action plan for achieving the appropriate qualification(s) and should be countersigned by an appropriately qualified individual until the qualification(s) are achieved.



Centre Approval

We approve organisations such as colleges, schools, providers and employers as approved centres. As an approved centre you will be able to deliver our qualifications.

To become an approved centre complete our Centre Approval Application Form which can be download from our website. Our support team will contact you within two working days to help you through the process.

Feedback

Your feedback is very important to us. We're always open to suggestions when it comes to enhancing and improving our services, products and systems.

Email contactus@innovateawarding.org or call 0117 314 2800.

Complaints

If we do get things wrong, we will make every effort to resolve your issues quickly and efficiently. If you'd like to raise a formal complaint, then we recommend you read our Complaints Procedure which can be found on our website.

Fees

Our fees structure is transparent and straightforward. Our fees are published on our website in a clear format with no hidden charges. Unlike other awarding organisations, we do not charge an annual centre fee. Visit our website to compare our fees.

Enquiries and Appeals

We recognise that sometimes decisions are made that a centre (or learner) may wish to appeal. We have an Enquiries and Appeals Policy and Process on our website that sets out guidelines on grounds for appeal and the process.



Data Protection

Innovate Awarding takes the protection of data seriously; we have a data protection statement outlining how we and our centres, comply with the current legislation on data protection. This statement can be found on our website.

Equality and Diversity

Innovate Awarding is committed to giving everyone who wants to gain one of our qualifications an equal opportunity of achieving it in line with current UK legislation (Equality Act 2010) and EU directives.

Centres are required, as conditions of approval, to use an equality and diversity policy that works together with ours and that they maintain an effective complaint and appeals process. We expect centres to tell learners how to find and use their own equality and diversity and appeals processes. For information, please visit our website.

Reasonable Adjustment and Special Consideration

All learners must be treated fairly and equally and be given every opportunity to achieve our/the qualifications. A copy of our policy on Reasonable Adjustments and Special Considerations, and application form, can be found on our website.

Malpractice and Maladministration

Innovate Awarding has a responsibility to do everything it can to prevent any malpractice or maladministration from occurring, and where it has already occurred, ensuring action is taken proportionate to the gravity and scope of the occurrence.

A copy of our policy and procedure on Malpractice and Maladministration is available on our website.

Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL)

RPL recognises how the contribution of a learner's previous experience could contribute to a qualification or unit. Innovate Awarding have produced guidance on RPL, and this can be found within our Information and Guidance for Centres on our website.



Please note the above is not a comprehensive guide to running qualifications. Once approved centres must adhere to the Centre Agreement and Information and Guidance for Centres.





Innovate Awarding Block F, 291 Paintworks, Arnos Vale, Bristol, BS43AW





